WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 3196

By Delegates C. Pritt, Cannon, Chiarelli, Keaton, Kirby, Martin, Hanna, Fast, and Shamblin

[Introduced January 31, 2023; Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary then Finance]

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A BILL to amend and reenact §19-23-3, §19-23-7 and §19-23-12b of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §29-22A-3, §29-22A-7 and §29-22A-12 of said code; and to amend and reenact §29-22C-3, §29-22C-8 and §29-22C-10 of said code, all relating to dog racing requirements; modifying certain definitions; eliminating the requirement that an applicant for a dog racing license race a minimum number of dates to qualify for such a license; eliminating the requirement that an applicant for a dog racing license race a minimum number of dates to contract to receive telecasts and accept wagers; providing that a dog racetrack is required to hold a racing license to conduct simulcast racing regardless of whether the racetrack continues to conduct live dog racing; authorizing the West Virginia Racing Commission to promulgate rules, including emergency rules, regarding licensure of dog racetracks conducting only simulcast racing; eliminating the requirement that a video lottery licensee at a dog track must hold a racing license to renew a video lottery license or racetrack table games license; permitting a dog racetrack to continue to operate operational video lottery and racetrack table games in a location where live racing was previously conducted; and eliminating the requirement that a racetrack table games licensee at a dog racetrack must race a minimum number of dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

Part V. License and Permit Procedures.

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-3. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Horse racing" means any type of horse racing, including, but not limited to, 3 thoroughbred racing and harness racing:

4	(2) "Thoroughbred racing" means flat or running type horse racing in which each horse
5	participating is a thoroughbred and mounted by a jockey;
6	(3) "Harness racing" means horse racing in which the horses participating are harnessed
7	to a sulky, carriage or other vehicle and does not include any form of horse racing in which the
8	horses are mounted by jockeys;
9	(4) "Horse race meeting" means the whole period of time for which a license is required by
10	the provisions of §19-23-1 of this code;
11	(5) "Dog racing" means any type of dog racing, including, but not limited to, greyhound
12	racing;
13	(6) "Purse" means any purse, stake or award for which a horse or dog race is run;
14	(7) "Racing association" or "person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association,
15	corporation or other entity or organization of whatever character or description;
16	(8) "Applicant" means any racing association making application for a license under the
17	provisions of this article or any person making application for a permit under the provisions of this
18	article or any person making application for a construction permit under the provisions of this
19	article;
20	(9) "License" means the license required by the provisions of §19-23-1 of this code or the
21	license required to conduct televised racing pursuant to §19-23-12b of this code;
22	(10) "Permit" means the permit required by the provisions of §19-23-2 of this code;
23	(11) "Construction permit" means the construction permit required by the provisions of §19-
24	23-18 of this code;
25	(12) "Licensee" means any racing association holding a license required by the provisions
26	of §19-23-1 of this code and issued under the provisions of this article;
27	(13) "Permit holder" means any person holding a permit required by the provisions of §19-
28	23-2 of this code and issued under the provisions of §19-23-1 et seq. of this code;
29	(14) "Construction permit holder" means any person holding a construction permit required

30 by the provisions of §19-23-18 of this code and issued under the provisions of §19-23-1 et sea, of 31 this code; 32 (15) "Hold or conduct" includes "assist, aid or abet in holding or conducting"; 33 (16) "Racing commission" means the West Virginia Racing Commission; (17) "Stewards" means the steward or stewards representing the Racing Commission, the 34 35 steward or stewards representing a licensee and any other steward or stewards whose duty it is to 36 supervise any horse or dog race meeting, all as may be provided by reasonable rules of the 37 Racing Commission which rules shall specify the number of stewards to be appointed, the method 38 and manner of their appointment and their powers, authority and duties; 39 (18) "Pari-mutuel" means a mutuel or collective pool that can be divided among those who 40 have contributed their wagers to one central agency, the odds to be reckoned in accordance to the 41 collective amounts wagered upon each contestant running in a horse or dog race upon which the 42 pool is made, but the total to be divided among the first three contestants on the basis of the 43 number of wagers on these; (19) "Pari-mutuel clerk" means any employee of a licensed racing association who is 44 45 responsible for the collection of wagers, the distribution of moneys for winning pari-mutuel tickets, 46 verification of the validity of pari-mutuel tickets and accounting for pari-mutuel funds; 47 (20) "Pool" means a combination of interests in a joint wagering enterprise or a stake in 48 such enterprise; 49 (21) "Legitimate breakage" is the percentage left over in the division of a pool; 50 (22) "To the dime" means that wagers shall be figured and paid to the dime: 51 (23) "Code" means the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as heretofore and hereinafter 52 amended; 53 (24) "Accredited thoroughbred horse" means a thoroughbred horse that is registered with 54 the West Virginia Thoroughbred Breeders Association and that is: 55 (A) Foaled in West Virginia; or

56	(B) Sired by an accredited West Virginia sire; or
57	(C) As a yearling, finished 12 consecutive months of verifiable residence in the state,
58	except for 30 days' grace: (i) For the horse to be shipped to and from horse sales where the horse
59	is officially entered in the sales catalogue of a recognized thoroughbred sales company, or
60	(ii) For obtaining veterinary services, documented by veterinary reports;
61	(25) "Accredited West Virginia sire" is a sire that is permanently domiciled in West Virginia,
62	stands a full season in West Virginia and is registered with West Virginia Thoroughbred Breeders
63	Association;
64	(26) "Breeder of an accredited West Virginia horse" is the owner of the foal at the time it
65	was born in West Virginia;
66	(27) "Raiser of an accredited West Virginia horse" is the owner of the yearling at the time it
67	finished twelve consecutive months of verifiable residence in the state. During the period, the
68	raiser will be granted one month of grace for his or her horse to be shipped to and from
69	thoroughbred sales where the horse is officially entered in the sales catalogue of a recognized
70	thoroughbred sales company. In the event If the yearling was born in another state and
71	transported to this state, this definition does not apply after the December 31, 2007, to any pari-
72	mutuel racing facility located in Jefferson County nor shall it apply after the December 31, 2012,
73	and thereafter to any pari-mutuel racing facility located in Hancock County. Prior to the horse being
74	shipped out of the state for sales, the raiser must shall notify the Racing Commission of his or her
75	intentions;
76	(28) The "owner of an accredited West Virginia sire" is the owner of record at the time the
77	offspring is conceived;
78	(29) The "owner of an accredited West Virginia horse" means the owner at the time the
79	horse earned designated purses to qualify for restricted purse supplements provided in §19-23-

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13b of this code;

(30) "Registered greyhound owner" means an owner of a greyhound that is registered with

82	the National	Greyhound	Association;
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- (31) "Fund" means the West Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund established in §19-23-13b of this code; and
- (32) "Regular purse" means both regular purses and stakes purses.

 §19-23-7. Application for license; forms; time for filing; disclosure required; verification; bond; application for permit.
- (a) Any racing association desiring to hold or conduct a horse or dog race meeting, where the pari-mutuel system of wagering is permitted and conducted, during any calendar year, shall file with the Racing Commission an application for a license to hold or conduct such horse or dog race meeting. A separate application shall be filed for each separate license sought for each horse or dog race meeting which such applicant proposes to hold or conduct. The Racing Commission shall prescribe blank forms to be used in making such application. Such The application shall be filed on or before a day to be fixed by the Racing Commission and shall disclose, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) If the applicant be an individual, the full name and address of the applicant;
- (2) If the applicant be a partnership, firm or association, the full name and address of each partner or member thereof, the name of the partnership, firm or association and its post-office address;
- (3) If the applicant be <u>is</u> a corporation, its name, the state of its incorporation, its post-office address, the full name and address of each officer and director thereof, and if a foreign corporation, whether it is qualified to do business in this state;
- (4) The dates, totaling not less than 200, such the applicant intends to hold or conduct such the horse or dog race meeting (which may be on any day including Sundays): *Provided*, That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, an applicant is not required to race any minimum number of dates in order to qualify for a license to hold a dog race meeting;
 - (5) The location of the horse or dog racetrack, place or enclosure where such the applicant

21 proposes to hold or conduct such the horse or dog race meeting;

(6) Whether the applicant, any partner, member, officer or director has previously applied for a license under the provisions of this article or for a similar license in this or any other state, and if so, whether such the license was issued or refused, and, if issued, whether it was ever suspended or revoked; and

- (7) Such other information as the Racing Commission may reasonably require which may include information relating to any criminal record of the applicant, if an individual, or of each partner or member, if a partnership, firm or association, or of each officer and director, if a corporation.
- (b) Such The application shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant for such license, if an individual, or if the applicant is a partnership, firm, association or corporation, by a partner, member or officer thereof, as the case may be. When required by the Racing Commission, an applicant for a license shall also furnish evidence satisfactory to the Racing Commission of such the applicant's ability to pay all taxes due the state, purses, salaries of officials and other expenses incident to the horse or dog race meeting for which a license is sought. In the event If the applicant is not able to furnish such satisfactory evidence of such the applicant's ability to pay such the expenses and fees, the Racing Commission may require bond or other adequate security before the requested license is issued.
- (c) Any person desiring to obtain a permit, as required by the provisions of §19-23-2 of this code, shall make application therefor on a form prescribed by the Racing Commission. The application for any such permit shall be accompanied by the fee prescribed therefor by the Racing Commission. Each applicant for a permit shall set forth in the application such information as the Racing Commission shall reasonably require.
- (d) On or after July 1, 2023, a licensee that was licensed prior to January 1, 1994 to conduct dog racing may continue to maintain a license as provided for in §19-22A-7 and §29-22C-8 of this code without the requirement of conducting live racing dates. In order to discontinue live

47	dog racing dates, any such licensee shall comply with the following requirements:
48	(1) Provide written notification to the Racing Commission of the licensee's intent to
49	discontinue live dog racing dates;
50	(2) Comply with any and all requirements established by the Racing Commission for the
51	discontinuance of live dog racing; and
52	(3) Pay a \$250,000 live racing cessation fee, which shall be placed by the Racing
53	Commission in the special revenue account called the Administration, Promotion, Education
54	Capital Improvement, and Greyhound Adoption Programs to Include Spaying and Neutering
55	Account created in §19-23-10(d) of this code, to be allocated specifically to facilitate care for and
56	adoption of, or placement in no-kill animal shelters of accredited West Virginia whelped
57	greyhounds actively running at any such West Virginia dog track.
58	Nothing in this subsection amends or alters any amounts deducted and any other moneys
59	required by this code to be deposited in the West Virginia Greyhound Breeding Developmen
60	Fund, as created in §19-21-10 of this code, or any other amounts required to be deposited into any
61	fund or paid for the purposes of funding purses, awards or providing any other funding fo
62	greyhound racing.
63	(e) The Racing Commission may promulgate rules, including emergency rules, in
64	accordance with §29A-3-1, et seq., of this code, as it considers necessary to implement and
65	efficiently administer the requirement of §19-23-7(d) of this code
	§19-23-12b. Televised racing days; merging of pari-mutuel wagering pools
1	(a) For the purposes of this section:
2	(1) "Televised racing day" means a calendar day, assigned by the commission, at a
3	licensed racetrack on which pari-mutuel betting is conducted on horse or dog races run at othe
4	racetracks in this state or at racetracks outside of this state which are broadcast by television at a
5	licensed racetrack and which day or days have had the prior written approval of the representative

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of the majority of the owners and trainers who hold permits required by§19-23-2 of this code; and

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(2) "Host racing association" means any person who, pursuant to a license or other permission granted by the host governmental entity, conducts the horse or dog race upon which wagers are placed.

(b) (1) A licensee conducting not less than 220 live racing dates for each horse or dog race meeting may, with the prior approval of the state Racing Commission, contract with any legal wagering entity in this state or in any other governmental jurisdiction to receive telecasts and accept wagers on races conducted by the legal wagering entity: Provided, That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, a licensee that was licensed prior to January 1, 1994 to conduct dog racing is not required to conduct a minimum number of live racing dates to contract with a legal wagering entity in this state or in any other governmental jurisdiction to receive telecasts and accept wagers on dog and horse races: Provided, however, That at those thoroughbred racetracks the licensee, in applying for racing dates, shall apply for not less than 210 live racing dates for each horse race meeting: Provided, however further. That at those thoroughbred racetracks that have participated in the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund for a period of more than four consecutive calendar years prior to December 31, 1992, the licensee may apply for not less than 159 live racing dates during the calendar year 1997. If, thereafter, for reasons beyond the licensee's control, related to adverse weather conditions, unforeseen casualty occurrences or a shortage of thoroughbred horses eligible to compete for purses, the licensee concludes that this number of racing days cannot be attained, the licensee may file a request with the Racing Commission to reduce the authorized live racing days. Upon receipt of the request the Racing Commission shall within 72 hours of the receipt of the request notify the licensee and the representative of a majority of the owners and trainers at the requesting track and the representative of the majority of the mutuel clerks at the requesting track that such request has been received and that if no objection to the request is received within 10 days of the notification the request will be approved: And Provided further, That the commission shall give consideration to whether there existed available unscheduled potential live racing dates following the adverse weather or casualty and prior to the

end of the race meeting which could be used as new live racing dates in order to maintain the full live racing schedule previously approved by the Racing Commission. If an objection is received by the commission within the time limits, the commission shall, within 30 days of receipt of such-the objection, set a hearing on the question of reducing racing days, which hearing shall be conducted at a convenient place in the county in which the requesting racetrack is located. The commission shall hear from all parties concerned and, based upon testimony and documentary evidence presented at the hearing, shall determine the required number of live racing days: *And Provided further,* That the commission shall may not reduce the number of live racing days below 185 days for a horse race meeting unless the licensee requesting such-the reduction has: (i) Filed with the commission a current financial statement, which shall be subject to independent audit; and (ii) met the burden of proving that just cause exists for such-the requested reduction in live racing days. The telecasts may be received and wagers accepted at any location authorized by the provisions of §19-23-12a of this code. The contract must shall receive the approval of the representative of the majority of the owners and trainers who hold permits required by §19-23-2 of this code at the receiving thoroughbred racetrack.

- (2) A facility that was licensed prior to January 1, 1994, to conduct dog racing shall hold a racing license to receive telecasts and accept wagers on dog and horse races, regardless of whether the facility continues to conduct live dog racing: *Provided*, That nothing in this section permits a racetrack to receive telecasts and accept wagers on dog and horse races in more than one location.
- (3) The commission may promulgate rules, including emergency rules, in accordance with §29A-3-1, et seq., of this code, as it considers necessary to implement and efficiently administer the requirement of §19-23-12b(b)(2) of this code: *Provided*, That the rules are to be consistent with the rules promulgated for pari-mutuel wagering on televised races at live racetracks.
- (c) The commission may allow the licensee to commingle its wagering pools with the wagering pools of the host racing association. If the pools are commingled, the wagering at the

licensee's racetrack must shall be on tabulating equipment capable of issuing pari-mutuel tickets and be electronically linked with the equipment at the sending racetrack. Subject to the approval of the commission, the types of betting, licensee commissions and distribution of winnings on parimutuel pools of the sending licensee racetrack are those in effect at the licensee racetrack. Breakage for pari-mutuel pools on a televised racing day must be calculated in accordance with the law or rules governing the sending racetrack and must shall be distributed in a manner agreed to between the licensee and the sending racetrack. For the televised racing services it provides, the host racing association shall receive a fee to be paid by the receiving licensee racetrack which shall be in an amount to be agreed upon by the receiving licensee racetrack and the host racing association.

- (d) The commission may assign televised racing days at any time. When a televised racing day is assigned, the commission shall assign either a steward or an Auditor to preside over the televised races at the licensee racetrack.
- (e) (1) From the licensee commissions authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the licensee shall pay one tenth of one percent of each commission into the General Fund of the county, in which the racetrack is located and at which the wagering occurred and there is imposed and the licensee shall pay, for each televised racing day on which the total pari-mutuel pool exceeds \$100,000, the greater of either: (i) The total of the daily license tax and the pari-mutuel pools tax required by §19-23-10 of this code; or (ii) a daily license tax of \$1,250. For each televised racing day on which the total pari-mutuel pool is \$100,000, the licensee shall pay a daily license tax of \$500 plus an additional license tax of \$100 for each \$10,000, or part thereof, that the pari-mutuel pool exceeds \$50,000, but does not exceed \$100,000. The calculation of the total pari-mutuel pool for purposes of this subsection shall include only one half of all wagers placed at a licensed racetrack in this state on televised races conducted at another licensed racetrack within this state. Payments of the tax imposed by this section are subject to the requirements of §19-23-10(e) of this code.

(2) From the licensee commissions authorized by subsection (c) of this section, after payments are made in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the licensee shall pay, for each televised racing day, one fourth of one percent of the total pari-mutuel pools for and on behalf of all employees of the licensed racing association by making a deposit into a special fund to be established by the Racing Commission and to be used for payments into the pension plan for all employees of the licensed racing association.

- (3) From the licensee commissions authorized by subsection (c) of this section, after payments are made in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, thoroughbred licensees shall pay, one-half percent of net simulcast income and for each televised racing day on or after July 1, 1997, an additional five and one-half percent of net simulcast income into the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund established by the Racing Commission according to §19-23-13b of this code: *Provided*, That no licensee qualifying for the alternate tax provisions of §19-23-10 of this code shall may be required to make the payments unless the licensee has participated in the West Virginia thoroughbred development fund for a period of more than four consecutive calendar years prior to December 31, 1992. For the purposes of this section, the term "net simulcast income" means the total commission deducted each day by the licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on simulcast horse or dog races, less direct simulcast expenses, including, but not limited to, the cost of simulcast signals, telecommunication costs and decoder costs.
- (f) After deducting the tax and other payments required by subsection (e) of this section, the amount required to be paid under the terms of the contract with the host racing association and the cost of transmission, the horse racing association shall make a deposit equal to 50 percent of the remainder into the purse fund established under the provisions of §19-23-9(b)(1) of this code. After deducting the tax and other payments required by subsection (e) of this section, dog racetracks shall pay an amount equal to two-tenths of one percent of the daily simulcast parimutuel pool to the "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account-West Virginia Greyhound

111 Breeding Development Fund".

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(g) The provisions of the "Federal Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978", also known as Public Law 95-515, Section 3001-3007 of Title 15, U.S. Code, as amended, controls in determining the intent of this section.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 22A. RACETRACK VIDEO LOTTERY.

§29-22A-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Applicant" means any person applying for any video lottery license or permit.
 - (b) "Associated equipment" means any hardware located on a licensed racetrack's premises which is connected to the video lottery system for the purpose of performing communication, validation or other functions, but not including the video lottery terminals or the communication facilities of a regulated public utility.
 - (e) "Background investigation" means a security, criminal and credit investigation of a person, as defined in this section, who has applied for a video lottery license or permit, or who has been granted a video lottery license or permit.
 - (d) "Central computer," "central control computer," or "central site system" means any central site computer provided to and controlled by the commission to which video lottery terminals communicate for purposes of information retrieval and terminal activation and to disable programs.
 - (e) "Commission" or "State Lottery Commission" means the West Virginia Lottery Commission created by §29-22-1 et seq. of this code.
- 16 (f) "Control" means the authority to direct the management and policies of an applicant or a
 17 license or permit holder.
- 18 (g) "Costs" means the expenses incurred by the commission in the testing and

examination of video lottery terminals and the performance of background investigations and other related activities which are charged to and collected from applicants or license or permit holders.

- (h) "Director" means the individual appointed by the Governor to provide management and administration necessary to direct the State Lottery Office.
- (i) "Disable" or "terminal disable" means the process of executing a shutdown command from the central control computer which causes video lottery terminals to cease functioning.
- (j) "Display" means the visual presentation of video lottery game features on a video lottery terminal in the form of video images, actual symbols or both.
- (k) "EPROM" and "erasable programmable read-only memory chips" means the electronic storage medium on which the operation software for all games playable on a video lottery terminal resides and which can also be in the form of CD-ROM, flash RAM or other new technology medium that the commission may from time to time approve for use in video lottery terminals. All electronic storage media are considered to be the property of the State of West Virginia.
- (I) "Floor attendant" means a person, employed by a licensed racetrack, who holds a permit issued by the commission and who corrects paper jams and bill jams in video lottery terminals and also provides courtesy services for video lottery players.
- (m) "Gross terminal income" means the total amount of cash, vouchers or tokens inserted into the video lottery terminals operated by a licensee, minus the total value of coins and tokens won by a player and game credits which are cleared from the video lottery terminals in exchange for winning redemption tickets.
- (n) "License" or "video lottery license" means authorization granted by the commission to a racetrack which is licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission to conduct thoroughbred or greyhound racing meetings pursuant to §19-23-1 *et seq.* of this code permitting the racetrack to operate video lottery terminals authorized by the commission: *Provided*, That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, "license" or "video lottery license" also means authorization granted

pursuant to §19-23-1 *et seq.* of this code to a racetrack which was licensed to conduct greyhound racing meetings prior to January 1, 1994.

- (o) "Lottery" means the public gaming systems or games established and operated by the State Lottery Commission.
- (p) "Manufacturer" means any person holding a permit granted by the commission to engage in the business of designing, building, constructing, assembling or manufacturing video lottery terminals, the electronic computer components of the video lottery terminals, the random number generator of the video lottery terminals, or the cabinet in which it is housed, and whose product is intended for sale, lease, or other assignment to a licensed racetrack in West Virginia, and who contracts directly with the licensee for the sale, lease or other assignment to a licensed racetrack in West Virginia.
- (q) "Net terminal income" means gross terminal income minus an amount deducted by the commission to reimburse the commission for its actual costs of administering racetrack video lottery at the licensed racetrack. No deduction for any or all costs and expenses of a licensee related to the operation of video lottery games shall may be deducted from gross terminal income.
- (r) "Noncash prize" means merchandise which a video lottery player may be given the option to receive in lieu of cash in exchange for a winning redemption ticket and which shall be assigned a redemption value equal to the actual cost of the merchandise to the licensed racetrack.
- (s) "Own" means any beneficial or proprietary interest in any property or business of an applicant or licensed racetrack.
- (t) "Pari-mutuel racing facility," "licensed racetrack," "racetrack" or "track" means a facility where horse or dog race meetings are held and the pari-mutuel system of wagering is authorized pursuant to the provisions of §19-23-1 et seq. of this code: Provided, That, for the purposes of this article, "pari-mutuel racing facility," "licensed racetrack," "racetrack" or "track" includes only a facility which was licensed prior to January 1, 1994, to hold horse or dog race meetings, and which conducts not less than 220 live racing dates for each horse or dog race meeting or such other

number of live racing dates as may be approved by the Racing Commission in accordance with the provisions of §19-23-12b of this code: *Provided, however,* That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, "pari-mutuel racing facility," "licensed racetrack," "racetrack" or "track" also includes a racetrack which was licensed to conduct greyhound racing meetings prior to January 1, 1994, and continues to hold a racing license to receive telecasts and accept wagers on horse or dog races, regardless of whether the facility continues to conduct live dog racing.

- (u) "Permit" means authorization granted by the commission to a person to function as either a video lottery manufacturer, service technician or validation manager.
- (v) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, association, partnership, limited partnership, or other entity, regardless of its form, structure or nature.
- (w) "Player" means a person who plays a video lottery game on a video lottery terminal at a racetrack licensed by the commission to conduct video lottery games.
- (x) "Service technician" means a person, employed by a licensed racetrack, who holds a permit issued by the commission and who performs service, maintenance and repair on licensed video lottery terminals in this state.
- (y) "Video lottery game" means a commission approved, owned and controlled electronically simulated game of chance which is displayed on a video lottery terminal and which:
- (1) Is connected to the commission's central control computer by an on-line or dial-up communication system;
- (2) Is initiated by a player's insertion of coins, currency, vouchers or tokens into a video lottery terminal, which causes game play credits to be displayed on the video lottery terminal and, with respect to which, each game play credit entitles a player to choose one or more symbols or numbers or to cause the video lottery terminal to randomly select symbols or numbers;
- (3) Allows the player to win additional game play credits, coins or tokens based upon game rules which establish the random selection of winning combinations of symbols or numbers or both and the number of free play credits, coins or tokens to be awarded for each winning combination of

symbols or numbers or both;

(4) Is based upon computer-generated random selection of winning combinations based totally or predominantly on chance;

- (5) Allows a player at any time to simultaneously clear all game play credits and print a redemption ticket entitling the player to receive the cash value of the free plays cleared from the video lottery terminal; and
- (z) "Validation manager" means a person who holds a permit issued by the commission and who performs video lottery ticket redemption services.
- (aa) "Video lottery" means a lottery which allows a game to be played utilizing an electronic computer and an interactive computer terminal device, equipped with a video screen and keys, a keyboard or other equipment allowing input by an individual player, into which the player inserts coins, currency, vouchers or tokens as consideration in order for play to be available, and through which terminal device the player may receive free games, coins, tokens or credit that can be redeemed for cash, annuitized payments over time, a noncash prize or nothing, as may be determined wholly or predominantly by chance. "Video lottery" does not include a lottery game which merely utilizes an electronic computer and a video screen to operate a lottery game and communicate the results of the game, such as the game "Travel," and which does not utilize an interactive electronic terminal device allowing input by an individual player.
- (bb) "Video lottery terminal" means a commission-approved interactive electronic terminal device which is connected with the commission's central computer system, and which is used for the purpose of playing video lottery games authorized by the commission. A video lottery terminal may simulate the play of one or more video lottery games.
- (cc) "Wager" means a sum of money or thing of value risked on an uncertain occurrence. §29-22A-7. License and permit qualifications; individual qualifications; applicant required to furnish information; waiver of liability; oath or affirmation; duty to provide accurate and material information.

(a) No video lottery license or permit may be granted unless the commission has determined that the applicant satisfies all of the following qualifications:

- (1) An applicant for a video lottery license must shall hold a valid racing license granted by the West Virginia Racing Commission under provisions of §19-23-1 et seq. of this code: <u>Provided</u>, That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, an applicant that held a valid dog racing license prior to January 1, 1994, is not required to hold a valid racing license in order to renew a video lottery license so long as the applicant continues to operate its original facility and continues to maintain and offer amenities, accommodations, options and services at such original facility.
 - (2) An applicant must shall be a person of good character and integrity.
- (3) An applicant must shall be a person whose background, including criminal record, reputation, and associations, does not pose a threat to the security and integrity of the lottery or to the public interest of the state. All new applicants for licenses and permits issued by the commission shall furnish fingerprints for a national criminal records check by the Criminal Identification Bureau of the West Virginia State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The fingerprints shall be furnished by all persons required to be named in the application and shall be accompanied by a signed authorization for the release of information by the Criminal Investigation Bureau and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The commission may require any applicant seeking the renewal of a license or permit to furnish fingerprints for a national criminal records check by the Criminal Identification Bureau of the West Virginia State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation: *Provided*, That the Lottery Commission shall apply §29-22A-7(g) and §29-22A-7(h) of this code in determining whether an applicant's prior criminal convictions bear a rational nexus to the license or permit being sought.
- (4) An applicant must shall be a person who demonstrates the business ability and experience necessary to establish, operate, and maintain the business for which a video lottery license or permit application is made.
 - (5) An applicant must shall be a person who has secured adequate financing for the

business for which a video lottery license or permit application is made. The commission shall determine whether financing is from a source which meets the qualifications of this section and is adequate to support the successful performance of the duties and responsibilities of the licensed racetrack or permit holder. An applicant for a video lottery license shall disclose all financing or refinancing arrangements for the purchase, lease, or other acquisition of video lottery terminals and associated equipment in the degree of detail requested by the commission. A licensed racetrack shall request commission approval of any change in financing or lease arrangements at least 30 days before the effective date of the change.

- (6) A racetrack applying for a video lottery license or a license renewal must shall present to the commission evidence of the existence of an agreement, regarding the proceeds from video lottery terminals, between the applicant and the representative of a majority of the horse owners and trainers, the representative of a majority of the pari-mutuel clerks and the representative of a majority of the breeders or the representative of a majority of the kennel owners for the applicable racetrack who hold permits required by §19-23-2 of this code.
- (7) A racetrack applying for a video lottery license or a license renewal must shall file with the commission a copy of any current or proposed agreement between the applicant and any manufacturer for the sale, lease, or other assignment to the racetrack of video lottery terminals, the electronic computer components of the terminals, the random number generator of the terminals, or the cabinet in which it is housed. Once filed with the commission, the agreement is a public document subject to the provisions of §29B-1-1 et seq. of this code.
- (b) No video lottery license or permit may be granted to an applicant until the commission determines that each person who has control of the applicant meets all applicable qualifications of subsection (a) of this section. The following persons are considered to have control of an applicant:
- (1) Each person associated with a corporate applicant, including any corporate holding company, parent company, or subsidiary company of the applicant, but not including a bank or

other licensed lending institution which holds a mortgage or other lien acquired in the ordinary course of business, who has the ability to control the activities of the corporate applicant or elect a majority of the board of directors of that corporation.

- (2) Each person associated with a noncorporate applicant who directly or indirectly holds any beneficial or proprietary interest in the applicant or whom the commission determines to have the ability to control the applicant.
- (3) Key personnel of an applicant, including any executive, employee or agent, having the power to exercise significant influence over decisions concerning any part of the applicant's business operation.
- (c) Applicants must shall furnish all information, including financial data and documents, certifications, consents, waivers, individual history forms, and other materials requested by the commission for purposes of determining qualifications for a license or permit. No video lottery license or permit may be granted to an applicant who fails to provide information and documentation requested by the commission. The burden of proving qualification for any video lottery license or permit is on the applicant.
- (d) Each applicant bears all risks of adverse public notice, embarrassment, criticism, damages, or financial loss which may result from any disclosure or publication of any material or information obtained by the commission pursuant to action on an application. The applicant shall, as a part of its application, expressly waive any and all claims against the commission, the State of West Virginia and the employees of either for damages as a result of any background investigation, disclosure, or publication relating to an application for a video lottery license or permit.
- (e) All application, registration, and disclosure forms and other documents submitted to the commission by or on behalf of the applicant for purposes of determining qualification for a video lottery license or permit shall be sworn to or affirmed before an officer qualified to administer oaths.
 - (f) An applicant who knowingly fails to reveal any fact material to qualification or who

knowingly submits false or misleading material information is ineligible for a video lottery license or permit.

- (g) The Lottery Commission may not disqualify an applicant from an initial license or permit because of a prior criminal conviction that remains unreversed unless that conviction is for a crime that bears a rational nexus to the activity requiring a license or permit. In determining whether a criminal conviction bears a rational nexus to a profession or occupation, the Lottery Commission shall consider at a minimum:
 - (1) The nature and seriousness of the crime for which the individual was convicted;
 - (2) The passage of time since the commission of the crime;
- (3) The relationship of the crime to the ability, capacity, and fitness required to perform the duties and discharge the responsibilities of the profession or occupation; and
 - (4) Any evidence of rehabilitation or treatment undertaken by the individual.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, if an applicant is disqualified from a license or permit because of a prior criminal conviction, the Lottery Commission shall permit the applicant to apply for an initial license or permit if:
- (1) A period of five years has elapsed from the date of conviction or the date of release from incarceration, whichever is later;
- (2) The individual has not been convicted of any other crime during the period of time following the disqualifying offense; and
- (3) The conviction was not for an offense of a violent or sexual nature: *Provided*, That a conviction for an offense of a violent or sexual nature may subject an individual to a longer period of disqualification from a license or permit, to be determined by the Lottery Commission.
- (i) An individual with a criminal record who has not previously applied for a license or permit may petition the Lottery Commission at any time for a determination of whether the individual's criminal record will disqualify disqualifies the individual from obtaining a license or permit. This petition shall include sufficient details about the individual's criminal record to enable the Lottery

Commission to identify the jurisdiction where the conviction occurred, the date of the conviction, and the specific nature of the conviction. The Lottery Commission shall provide the determination within 60 days of receiving the petition from the applicant. The Lottery Commission may charge a fee to recoup its costs for each petition.

§29-22A-12. Number and location of video lottery terminals security.

- (a) A racetrack which has been licensed to conduct video lottery games has the right to install and operate up to four hundred video lottery terminals at a licensed racetrack. A licensed racetrack may apply to the commission for authorization to install and operate more than four hundred video lottery terminals. If the commission determines that the installation of additional machines is in the best interest of the licensed racetrack, the Lottery Commission and the citizens of this state, the commission may grant permission to install and operate additional machines.
 - (b) All video lottery terminals in licensed racetracks shall be physically located as follows:
- (1) The video lottery location shall be continuously monitored through the use of a closed circuit television system capable of recording activity for a continuous 24-hour period. All video tapes shall be retained for a period of at least 30 days;
- (2) Access to video lottery terminal locations shall be restricted to persons legally entitled by age to play video lottery games;
- (3) The licensed racetrack shall submit for commission approval a floor plan of the area or areas where video lottery terminals are to be operated showing terminal locations and security camera mount locations;
- (4) No video lottery terminal may be relocated without prior approval from the commission; and
- (5) Operational video lottery terminals may only be located in the building or structure in which the grandstand area of the racetrack is located and in the area of the building or structure where pari-mutuel wagering is permitted under the provisions of §19-23-1 et seq. of this code: *Provided*, That if the commission, before November 1, 1993, has authorized any racetrack to

operate video lottery terminals and offer video lottery games in a location which would not conform to the requirements of this subdivision, the racetrack may continue to use video lottery terminals registered with and approved by the commission at that nonconforming location and to offer the games and any variations or composites of the games as may be approved by the commission: *Provided, however,* That a racetrack that held a valid dog racing license prior to January 1, 1994, and that no longer conducts live racing, may continue to operate operational video lottery terminals in the building or structure in which the grandstand area of the racetrack was located and in the area of the building or structure where pari-mutuel wagering was permitted between January 1, 1994 and June 30, 2023, as long as applicant continues to operate its original facility and continues to maintain and offer amenities, accommodations, options, and services at the original facility.

- (6) Nothing in this subdivision permits a licensed racetrack to operate operational video lottery terminals or offer video lottery games in more than one location.
- (c) A licensee shall allow video lottery games to be played only on days when live racing is being conducted at the racetrack and/or on televised racing days: *Provided*, That this restriction shall may not apply to any racetrack authorized by the commissioner prior to November 1, 1993, to operate video lottery terminals and conduct video lottery games.
- (d) Security personnel shall be present during all hours of operation at each video lottery terminal location. Each license holder shall employ the number of security personnel the commission determines is necessary to provide for safe and approved operation of the video lottery facilities and the safety and well-being of the players.

ARTICLE 22C. WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY RACETRACK TABLE GAMES ACT. §29-22C-3. Definitions.

(a) *Applicability of definitions*. -- For the purposes of this article, the words or terms defined in this section, and any variation of those words or terms required by the context, have the meanings ascribed to them in this section. These definitions are applicable unless a different

4 meaning clearly appears from the context in which the word or term is used.

(b) Terms defined. --

- (1) "Adjusted gross receipts" means gross receipts from West Virginia Lottery table games less winnings paid to patrons wagering on the racetrack's table games.
 - (2) "Applicant" means any person who on his or her own behalf, or on behalf of another, has applied for permission to engage in any act or activity that is regulated under the provision of this article for which a license is required by this article or rule of the commission.
 - (3) "Application" means any written request for permission to engage in any act or activity that is regulated under the provisions of this article submitted in the form prescribed by the commission.
 - (4) "Background investigation" means a security, criminal and credit investigation of an applicant who has applied for the issuance or renewal of a license pursuant to this article, or a licensee who holds a current license.
 - (5) "Commission" or "State Lottery Commission" means the West Virginia Lottery Commission created by §29-22-1 *et seq.* of this code.
 - (6) "Complimentary" means a service or item provided at no cost or at a reduced price.
 - (7) "Compensation" means any money, thing of value, or financial benefit conferred or received by a person in return for services rendered, or to be rendered, whether by that person or another.
 - (8) "Contested case" means a proceeding before the commission, or a hearing examiner designated by the commission to hear the contested case, in which the legal rights, duties, interests or privileges of specific persons are required by law or Constitutional right to be determined after a commission hearing, but does not include cases in which the commission issues a license, permit or certificate after an examination to test the knowledge or ability of the applicant where the controversy concerns whether the examination was fair or whether the applicant passed the examination and does not include rule making.

(9) "Control" means the authority directly or indirectly to direct the management and policies of an applicant for a license issued under this article or the holder of a license issued under this article.

(10) "Designated gaming area" means one or more specific floor areas of a licensed

- racetrack within which the commission has authorized operation of racetrack video lottery terminals or table games, or the operation of both racetrack video lottery terminals and West Virginia Lottery table games.
- (11) "Director" means the Director of the West Virginia State Lottery Commission appointed pursuant to §29-22-6 of this code.
- (12) "Disciplinary action" is an action by the commission suspending or revoking a license, fining, excluding, reprimanding or otherwise penalizing a person for violating this article or rules promulgated by the commission.
- (13) "Financial interest" or "financially interested" means any interest in investments, awarding of contracts, grants, loans, purchases, leases, sales or similar matters under consideration for consummation by the commission. A member, employee, or agent of the commission will be considered to have a financial interest in a matter under consideration if any of the following circumstances exist:
- (A) He or she The member owns one percent or more of any class of outstanding securities that are issued by a party to the matter under consideration by the commission; or
- (B) He or she The member is employed by an independent contractor for a party to the matter under consideration or consummated by the commission.
- (14) "Gaming equipment" means gaming tables, cards, dice, chips, shufflers, drop boxes or any other mechanical, electronic or other device, mechanism or equipment or related supplies used or consumed in the operation of any West Virginia Lottery table game at a licensed racetrack.
- (15) "Gross receipts" means the total of all sums including valid or invalid checks, currency, tokens, coupons (excluding match play coupons), vouchers or instruments of monetary value

whether collected or uncollected, received by a racetrack with table games from table gaming operations at a racetrack, including all entry fees assessed for tournaments or other contests.

- (16) "Indirect ownership" means an interest a person owns in an entity or in property solely as a result of application of constructive ownership rules without regard to any direct ownership interest (or other beneficial interest) in the entity or property. "Indirect ownership" shall be determined under the same rules applicable to determining whether a gain or loss between related parties is recognized for federal income tax purposes.
- (17) "Licensed racetrack" means a thoroughbred horse or greyhound dog racing facility licensed under both §19-22A-1 *et seq.* and §19-23-1 *et seq.* of this code: *Provided,* That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, "licensed racetrack" or "racing association" includes a facility which was licensed prior to January 1, 1994, to hold dog race meetings and which is licensed under §29-22C-1 *et seq.* of this code.
- (18) "License" means any license applied for or issued by the commission under this article, including, but not limited to:
- (A) A license to act as agent of the commission in operating West Virginia Lottery table games at a licensed racetrack;
- (B) A license to supply a racetrack licensed under this article to operate table games with table gaming equipment or services necessary for the operation of table games;
- (C) A license to be employed at a racetrack licensed under this article to operate West Virginia Lottery table games when the employee works in a designated gaming area that has table games or performs duties in furtherance of or associated with the operation of table games at the licensed racetrack; or
- (D) A license to provide management services under a contract to a racetrack licensed under this article to operate table games.
- (19) "Licensee" means any person who is licensed under any provision of this article.
 - (20) "Lottery" means the public gaming systems or games regulated, controlled, owned

and operated by the state Lottery Commission in the manner provided by general law, as provided in this article and in §29-22-1 et seq., §29-22-1A et seq., §29-22-1B et seq., and §29-25-1 et seq. of this code.

- (21) "Member" means a commission member appointed to the West Virginia Lottery Commission under §29-22-1 *et seq.* of this code.
- (22) "National criminal history background check system" means the criminal history record system maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation based on fingerprint identification or any other method of positive identification.
- (23) "Own" means any beneficial or proprietary interest in any real or personal property, including intellectual property, and also includes, but is not limited to, any direct or indirect beneficial or proprietary interest in any business of an applicant or licensee.
- (24) "Person" means any natural person, and any corporation, association, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, trust or other entity, regardless of its form, structure or nature other than a government agency or instrumentality.
- (25) "Player" or "Patron" means a person who plays a racetrack video lottery game or a West Virginia Lottery table game at a racetrack licensed under this article to have table games.
- (26) "Player's account" means a financial record established by a licensed racetrack for an individual racetrack patron to which the racetrack may credit winnings and other amounts due to the racetrack patron and from which the patron may withdraw moneys due to the patron for purchase of tokens, chips or electronic media or other purposes.
- (27) "Racetrack table games license" means authorization granted under this article by the commission to a racetrack that is already licensed under §29-22A-1 *et seq.* of this code to operate racetrack video lottery terminals and holds a valid <u>horse</u> racing license <u>or held a valid dog racing</u> <u>license prior to January 1, 1994, granted by the West Virginia Racing Commission pursuant to the provision of §19-23-1 *et seq.* of this code, which permits the racetrack as an agent of the commission for the limited purpose of operation of West Virginia Lottery table games in one or</u>

more designated gaming areas in one or more buildings owned <u>or leased</u> by the licensed racetrack on the grounds where live pari-mutuel racing is conducted by the licensee, <u>or in the case</u> <u>of a licensee that held a valid dog racing license prior to January 1, 1994 and that no longer conducts live racing, on the grounds where live pari-mutuel racing was conducted between <u>January 1, 1994 and June 30, 2023.</u></u>

- (28) "Racetrack Table Games Fund" means the special fund in the state Treasury created in §29-22C-27 of this code.
- (29) "Significant influence" means the capacity of a person to affect substantially (but not control) either, or both, of the financial and operating policies of another person.
- (30) "Supplier" means a person who the commission has identified under legislative rules of the commission as requiring a license to provide a racetrack table games licensee with goods or services to be used in connection with operation of table games.
 - (31) "Wager" means a sum of money or thing of value risked on an uncertain occurrence.
- (32) "West Virginia Lottery table game" means any game played with cards, dice or any mechanical, electromechanical or electronic device or machine for money, credit or any representative of value, including, but not limited to, baccarat, blackjack, poker, craps, roulette, wheel of fortune or any variation of these games similar in design or operation and expressly authorized by rule of the commission, including multiplayer electronic table games, machines, and devices, but excluding video lottery, punchboards, faro, numbers tickets, push cards, jar tickets, pull tabs or similar games.
- (33) "Winnings" means the total cash value of all property or sums including currency, tokens, or instruments of monetary value paid to players as a direct result of wagers placed on West Virginia Lottery table games.

§29-22C-8. License to operate a racetrack with West Virginia Lottery table games.

(a) Racetrack table games licenses. -- The commission may issue up to four racetrack table games licenses to operate West Virginia Lottery table games in accordance with the

provisions of this article. The Legislature intends that no more than four licenses to operate a racetrack with West Virginia Lottery table games in this state shall may be permitted in any event.

- (b) *Grant of license*. Upon the passage of a local option election in a county in accordance with the provisions of §29-22C-7 of this code, the commission shall immediately grant a West Virginia Lottery table games license, and a license for the right to conduct West Virginia Lottery table games as assignee to the intellectual property rights of the state, to allow the licensee to conduct West Virginia table games at the licensed pari-mutuel racetrack identified on the local option election ballot, provided that racetrack holds a valid racetrack video lottery license issued by the commission pursuant to §29-22A-1 *et seq.* of this code and a valid racing license granted by the West Virginia Racing Commission pursuant to the provisions of §19-23-1 *et seq.* of this code and has otherwise met the requirements for licensure under the provisions of this article and the rules of the commission: *Provided*, That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, a racetrack that held a valid dog racing license prior to January 1, 1994, is not required to hold a current dog racing license so long as the applicant continues to operate its original facility and continues to maintain and offer amenities, accommodations, options, and services at the original facility.
- (c) Location. -- A racetrack table games license authorizes the operation of West Virginia Lottery table games on the grounds of the particular licensed facility identified in the racetrack video lottery license issued pursuant to §29-22A-1 et seq. of this code and the license to conduct horse or dog racing issued pursuant to §19-23-1 et seq. of this code.
- (d) Floor plan submission requirement. -- Prior to commencing the operation of any table games in a designated gaming area, a racetrack table games licensee shall submit to the commission for its approval a detailed floor plan depicting the location of the designated gaming area in which table games gaming equipment will be located and its proposed arrangement of the table games gaming equipment. Any floor plan submission that satisfies the requirements of the rules promulgated by the commission shall be considered approved by the commission unless the racetrack table games licensee is notified in writing to the contrary within one month of filing a

29 detailed floor plan.

- (e) Management service contracts. --
- (1) Approval. -- A racetrack table games licensee may not enter into any management service contract that would permit any person other than the licensee to act as the commission's agent in operating West Virginia Lottery table games unless the management service contract is:

 (A) With a person licensed under this article to provide management services; (B) is in writing; and (C) the contract has been approved by the commission.
- (2) *Material change*. -- The licensed racetrack table games licensee shall submit any material change in a management service contract previously approved by the commission to the commission for its approval or rejection before the material change may take effect.
- (3) *Prohibition on assignment or transfer.* -- A management services contract may not be assigned or transferred to a third party.
- (4) Other commission approvals and licenses. -- The duties and responsibilities of a management services provider under a management services contract may not be assigned, delegated, subcontracted or transferred to a third party to perform without the prior approval of the commission. Third parties must shall be licensed under this article before providing service. The commission may by rule clarify application of this subdivision and provide exceptions to its application. The commission shall license and require the display of West Virginia Lottery game logos on appropriate game surfaces and other gaming items and locations as the commission considers appropriate.
- (f) Coordination of licensed activities. -- In order to coordinate various licensed activities within racetrack facilities, the following provisions apply to licensed racetrack facilities:
- (1) The provisions of this article and of §29-22A-1 *et seq*. of this code shall be interpreted to allow West Virginia Lottery table games and racetrack video lottery operations under those articles to be harmoniously conducted in the same designated gaming area.
 - (2) On the effective date of this article, the provisions of §29-22C-23 of this code apply to all

video lottery games conducted within a racetrack facility, notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions contained in §29-22A-1 *et seg.* of this code to the contrary.

- (3) On and after the effective date of this article, vacation of the premises after service of beverages ceases is not required, notwithstanding to the contrary any inconsistent provisions of this code or inconsistent rules promulgated by the Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner with respect to hours of sale of those beverages, or required vacation of the premises.
 - (g) Fees, expiration date and renewal. --
- (1) An initial racetrack table games license fee of \$1,500,000 shall be paid to the commission at the time of issuance of the racetrack table games license, regardless of the number of months remaining in the license year for which it is issued. All licenses expire at the end of the day on September 30 each year.
- (2) The commission shall annually renew a racetrack table games license as of October 1 of each year, provided the licensee:
- (A) Successfully renews its racetrack video lottery license under §29-22A-1 *et seq.* of this code before October 1;
- (B) Pays to the commission the annual license renewal fee of \$2,500,000 required by this section at the time it files its application for renewal of its license under §29-22A-1 *et seq.* of this code; and
- (C) During the current license year, the licensee complied with all provisions of this article, all rules adopted by the commission and all final orders of the commission applicable to the licensee.
- (3) Annual license surcharge for failure to construct hotel on premises. -- It is the intent of the Legislature that each racetrack for which a racetrack table games license has been issued be or become a destination tourism resort facility. To that end, it is important that each racetrack for which a racetrack table games license has been issued operate a hotel with significant amenities. Therefore, in addition to all other taxes and fees required by the provisions of this article, there is

hereby imposed, upon each racetrack for which a racetrack table games license has been issued an annual license surcharge, payable to the commission in the amount of \$2,500,000 if that racetrack does not operate a hotel on its racing property that contains at least 150 guest rooms with significant amenities within three years of the passage of the local option election in its county authorizing table games at the racetrack, provided the time for completion of the hotel shall be extended by the same number of days as the completion of the hotel is delayed by a force majeure events or conditions beyond the reasonable control of the racetrack licensee. The surcharge shall be paid upon each renewal of its racetrack table games license made after the expiration of the three year period, and may be extended by the above force majeure events or conditions, until the racetrack opens a qualifying hotel.

- (4) If the licensee fails to apply to renew its license under §19-23-1 *et seq.* and §29-22A-1 *et seq.* of this code until after the license expires, the commission shall renew its license under this article at the time it renews its license under §29-22A-1 *et seq.* of this code provided the licensee has paid the annual license fee required by this section and during the preceding license year the licensee complied with all provisions of this article, all rules adopted by the commission and all final orders of the commission applicable to the licensee.
- (h) Facility qualifications. -- A racetrack table games licensee shall demonstrate that the racetrack with West Virginia Lottery table games will: (1) Be accessible to disabled individuals in accordance with applicable federal and state laws; (2) be licensed in accordance with this article, and all other applicable federal, state and local laws; and (3) meet any other qualifications specified in rules adopted by the commission.
- (i) Surety bond. -- A racetrack table games licensee shall execute a surety bond to be given to the state to guarantee the licensee faithfully makes all payments in accordance with the provisions of this article and rules promulgated by the commission. The surety bond shall be:
- (1) In the amount determined by the commission to be adequate to protect the state against nonpayment by the licensee of amounts due the state under this article;

107	(2) In a form approved by the commission; and
108	(3) With a surety approved by the commission who is licensed to write surety insurance in
109	this state. The bond shall remain in effect during the term of the license and may not be canceled
110	by a surety on less than 30 days' notice in writing to the commission. The total and aggregate
111	liability of the surety on the bond is limited to the amount specified in the bond.
112	(j) Authorization A racetrack table games license authorizes the licensee act as an agent
113	of the commission in operating an unlimited amount of West Virginia Lottery table games while the
114	license is active, subject to subsection (d) of this section. A racetrack table games license is not
115	transferable or assignable and cannot be sold or pledged as collateral.
116	(k) Audits When applying for a license and annually thereafter prior to license renewal, a
117	racetrack table games licensee shall submit to the commission an annual audit, by a certified
118	public accountant, of the financial transactions and condition of the licensee's total operations. The
119	audit shall be made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and applicable
120	federal and state laws.
121	(I) Commission office space A racetrack table games licensee shall provide to the
122	commission, at no cost to the commission, suitable office space at the racetrack facility for the
123	commission to perform the duties required of it by this article and the rules of the commission.
124	(m) Nothing in this section permits a licensed racetrack to operate West Virginia Lottery
125	table games in more than one location.
	§29-22C-10. Duties of racetrack table games licensee.
1	(a) General All racetrack table games licensees shall:
2	(1) Promptly report to the commission any facts or circumstances related to the operation
3	of a racetrack with West Virginia Lottery table games which constitute a violation of state or federal

(2) Conduct all table games activities and functions in a manner which does not pose a threat to the public health, safety or welfare of the citizens of this state and which does not

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adversely affect the security or integrity of the operation of West Virginia Lottery table games;

- (3) Hold the commission and this state harmless from and defend and pay for the defense of any and all claims which may be asserted against a racetrack licensee, the commission, the state or employees thereof, arising from the licensee's actions or omission while acting as an agent of the commission by operation of West Virginia Lottery table games pursuant to this article;
 - (4) Assist the commission in maximizing table games revenues;
- (5) Give preference in hiring to existing employees who have expressed an interest in transferring to an entry level West Virginia Lottery Table games job and who have demonstrated the potential to succeed in that job. To enable these employees to develop the skills necessary to fill an entry level West Virginia Lottery table games position, a licensee shall provide customary industry training for entry level West Virginia Lottery table games jobs. The dates, times, place and manner of providing such training, the appropriate qualifications and certifications, the number of existing employees to be trained, the determination of standards for evaluating successful performance in live auditions for such positions and the determination of who shall be given West Virginia Lottery table game jobs shall be within the sole business discretion of the licensee's management, provided that among equally qualified applicants, as determined by the licensee, length of service shall be the determining factor;
 - (6) Maintain all records required by the commission;
- (7) Upon request by the commission, provide the commission access to all records and the physical premises where the licensee's table games activities and related activities occur, for the purpose of monitoring or inspecting the licensee's activities and the table games, gaming equipment and security equipment;
 - (8) Keep current in all payments and obligations to the commission; and
- (9) Conduct no less than 220 live racing dates for each horse or dog race meeting or such other number of live racing dates as may be approved by the Racing Commission in accordance with the provisions of §19-23-12b of this code, and otherwise keep in good standing, all licenses

and permits granted by the Racing Commission pursuant to §19-23-6 of this code, and any rules promulgated thereunder: *Provided*, That effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter, a racetrack that held a valid dog racing license prior to January 1, 1994, is not required to race any minimum number of dates.

- (b) Specific. -- All racetrack table games licensees shall:
- (1) Acquire West Virginia Lottery table games and gaming equipment by purchase, lease or other assignment and provide a secure location for the placement, operation and play of the table games and gaming equipment;
- (2) Permit no person to tamper with or interfere with the operation of any West Virginia Lottery table game;
- (3) Ensure that West Virginia Lottery table games are within the sight and control of designated employees of the licensed racetrack with West Virginia Lottery table games and under continuous observation by security equipment in conformity with specifications and requirements of the commission;
- (4) Ensure that West Virginia Lottery table games are placed and remain placed in the specific locations within designated gaming areas at the licensed racetrack which have been approved by the commission. West Virginia Lottery table games at a licensed racetrack shall only be relocated in accordance with the rules of the commission;
- (5) Maintain at all times sufficient cash and gaming tokens, chips and electronic cards or other electronic media;
- (6) Install, post and display conspicuously at locations within or about the licensed racetrack with West Virginia Lottery table games, signs, redemption information and other promotional material as required by the commission; and
- 56 (7) Assume liability for stolen money from any table game.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to clarify that a licensed racetrack casino must not

maintain an active dog racing license in order to receive telecasts and accept wagers on dog and horse races, or to otherwise apply and qualify for a video lottery or racetrack table game licenses.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.